

The Theory of Intermolecular Forces

by Anthony J. Stone (Oxford University Press, 1996)

reprinted in paperback, with corrections, 1997

and with further corrections, 2000

Unfortunately there were a number of errors in the original hardback edition. Some of these were corrected in the 1997 paperback reprint, and a further batch were corrected in the 2000 reprint. A few further corrections have since come to light. All these corrections are listed here.

I would be grateful to be told of any further errors that you may find. I will endeavour to keep this list up to date; please check <http://www-stone.ch.cam.ac.uk/timf/corrections.pdf> before reporting further errors. The last corrections were added on 29 August 2008.

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The following corrections need to be made to the 1996 hardback edition, but were included in later editions:

p. 81, eq. (6.1.3):

This equation (starting on p. 80) should read as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} U_{\text{er}} &= \frac{S^2}{1-S^2} \left\langle a(1)b(2) \left| -\frac{1}{r_{A2}} - \frac{1}{r_{B1}} + \frac{1}{r_{12}} \right| a(1)b(2) \right\rangle \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{1-S^2} \left\langle a(1)b(2) \left| -\frac{1}{r_{A2}} - \frac{1}{r_{B1}} + \frac{1}{r_{12}} \right| a(2)b(1) \right\rangle \\ &= -\frac{S^2}{1-S^2} \left[\left\langle b \left| \frac{1}{r_A} \right| b \right\rangle + \left\langle a \left| \frac{1}{r_B} \right| a \right\rangle - \left\langle a(1)b(2) \left| \frac{1}{r_{12}} \right| a(1)b(2) \right\rangle \right] \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{(1-S^2)} \left[S \left\langle a \left| \frac{1}{r_A} + \frac{1}{r_B} \right| b \right\rangle - K_{ab} \right]. \end{aligned} \tag{6.1.3}$$

p. 91, l. 11:

The citation of Jeziorski & Kołos (1977) is incorrect here (though they are correctly cited on l. 13); this one should be Jeziorski *et al.* (1978).

p. 231, Table E.5:

The right-hand-side of every entry should be divided by 3.

p. 234, Table F.1:

The following entries should be corrected as shown:

$$41c \quad 00 \quad R^{-5} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{10} (7r_x^a r_z^{a3} - 3r_x^a r_z^a)$$

$$41s \quad 00 \quad R^{-5} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{10} (7r_y^a r_z^{a3} - 3r_y^a r_z^a)$$

The following corrections were included in the 2000 paperback reprint, but need to be made to earlier editions:

p. 15, top line:

The statement that the other components 'are all zero' is nonsense. (I must have been thinking about the spherical components when I wrote that.) For the molecules previously discussed, which are all linear or symmetric tops, $\Theta_{xx} = \Theta_{yy} = -\frac{1}{2}\Theta_{zz}$, and all of these will be nonzero.

p. 24, 6 lines below (2.3.14):

The anisotropy $\Delta\alpha$ should be $\alpha_{zz} - \frac{1}{2}(\alpha_{xx} + \alpha_{yy})$.

pp. 25–26:

In eqs. (2.4.2) and (2.4.3) and the two preceding equations, the denominator in the second term should be $(W_n - W_0)^2$. not $W_n - W_0$.

p. 27:

In eq. (2.5.6), there is a missing closing parenthesis at the end of the numerator of the last two lines. The ω_{k0} in the numerator of the last line should be ω . In eq. (2.5.7) there is a missing closing bracket at the end of the numerator.

p. 38, eqs. (3.1.9) and (3.1.10):

There is an error of sign in the last line of each of these equations, which should read:

$$\begin{aligned} F_{\alpha}^A(\mathbf{B}) &= -\nabla_{\alpha} V^A(B) \\ &= -T_{\alpha} q + T_{\alpha\beta} \hat{\mu}_{\beta} - \frac{1}{3} T_{\alpha\beta\gamma} \hat{\Theta}_{\beta\gamma} + \dots \\ &\quad \dots - \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n-1)!!} T_{\alpha\beta\dots\nu\sigma}^{(n+1)} \hat{\xi}_{\beta\gamma\dots\nu\sigma}^{(n)} - \dots, \end{aligned} \quad (3.1.9)$$

and for the field gradient,

$$\begin{aligned} F_{\alpha\beta}^A(\mathbf{B}) &= -\nabla_{\alpha} \nabla_{\beta} V^A(B) \\ &= -T_{\alpha\beta} q + T_{\alpha\beta\gamma} \hat{\mu}_{\gamma} - \frac{1}{3} T_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta} \hat{\Theta}_{\gamma\delta} + \dots \\ &\quad \dots - \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n-1)!!} T_{\alpha\beta\dots\nu\sigma\tau}^{(n+2)} \hat{\xi}_{\gamma\delta\dots\nu\sigma\tau}^{(n)} - \dots. \end{aligned} \quad (3.1.10)$$

I believe that the subsequent equations are correct as to sign.

p. 53:

The l.h.s. of eq. (4.2.1) should refer to U_{ind}^B , not U_{ind}^A . In the line below the equation, replace ‘merely’ by ‘minus’.

p. 77:

in l. 7 of the paragraph numbered 2, the integral should include a factor r_{12}^{-1} .

p. 183:

There should be no sum over B in eq. (11.7.10).

p. 188:

Eq. (12.1.4) is better expressed in the form

$$f_n = \frac{2}{3} \frac{\hbar\omega_n}{E_h} \frac{|\langle 0|\hat{\mu}|n\rangle|^2}{e^2 a_0^2} \quad (12.1.4)$$

where E_h is the Hartree energy. This form is independent of unit system and is manifestly dimensionless. In the same way, eq. (12.1.5) is better written as

$$S_k = \sum_n f_n \left(\frac{\hbar\omega_n}{E_h} \right)^k \quad (12.1.5)$$

while the expression for S_{-2} three lines lower is better written as $S_2 = \bar{\alpha}/4\pi\epsilon_0 a_0^3$.

p. 199:

There is a superfluous minus sign in eq. (12.3.10), which should read

$$i \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} = - \sum_k \nabla_k^2 \Psi + V \Psi \quad (12.3.10)$$

p. 213:

There is an error in the first expression given for R_{20} , which should be $R_{20}(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{1}{2}(3z^2 - r^2)$.

p. 225:

The conversion factor table for dipole moment units has a typographical error: in the second row of numbers, 1 Debye should be shown as equal to $3.33564095 \times 10^{-30}$ Cm, and (of course) to 1 Debye.

p. 233, Table F.1:

The following entries should be corrected as shown:

$$31c \quad 00 \quad R^{-4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{6} r_x^a (5r_z^{a2} - 1)$$

$$31s \quad 00 \quad R^{-4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{6} r_y^a (5r_z^{a2} - 1)$$

$$33c \quad 1\beta \quad R^{-5} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{10} (7r_x^{a3} r_\beta^b + 3(r_x^{a2} - r_y^{a2}) c_{x\beta} - 21r_x^a r_y^{a2} r_\beta^b - 6r_x^a r_y^a c_{y\beta})$$

The following corrections need to be made to all versions up to and including the 2000 reprint:

p. 24, first paragraph of S2.3.1:

The symbol Å for Ångstrom is twice misprinted as rA.

p. 32:

The last line of S2.6 should read

... the symbol C denotes $\frac{1}{5} C_{\alpha\beta, \alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{10} \sum_{\kappa} \alpha_{2\kappa, 2\kappa}$.

p. 54, below eqn (4.2.2):

In the third line below the equation, there is a missing factor of $-\frac{1}{2}$. It should read:

... and the induction energy is $-\frac{1}{2} q^2 \alpha_{zz}^B / ((4\pi\epsilon_0)^2 z^4)$.

p. 62, eq. (4.3.22):

The factor \hbar/π should be $\hbar/2\pi$.

p. 140, eqs. (8.7.1) and (8.7.2):

The factor \hbar/π should be $\hbar/2\pi$.

p. 188, eq. (12.1.6): This equation should read

$$\bar{\alpha}(iv) = 4\pi\epsilon_0 a_0^3 \frac{E_h^2}{\hbar^2} \sum_{k=1}^N \frac{\tilde{f}_k}{\tilde{\omega}_k^2 + v^2},$$

p. 214, eq. (B.1.7): These equations apply for $m > 0$.

p. 229, Table E.2:

The following entries should be corrected as shown:

$$\Omega_{xyy} \quad -\sqrt{\frac{5}{8}} Q_{33c} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{24}} Q_{31c}$$

$$\Omega_{yyy} \quad -\sqrt{\frac{5}{8}} Q_{33s} - \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}} Q_{31s}$$

$$\Phi_{xxx} \quad \frac{3}{8} Q_{40} - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{5} Q_{42c} + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{35} Q_{44c}$$

$$\Phi_{xyy} \quad \frac{1}{8} Q_{40} - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{35} Q_{44c}$$

$$\Phi_{yyy} \quad \frac{3}{8} Q_{40} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{5} Q_{42c} + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{35} Q_{44c}$$

$$\Phi_{xxz} \quad \frac{1}{16} (-3\sqrt{10} Q_{41c} + \sqrt{70} Q_{43c})$$